

Concepts of Keys

Duration : 2hrs

Detailed Syllabus

2.2. Concepts of Keys

Candidate key

Primary key

Alternate key

Composite key

Surrogate key

Foreign key

2.3. Fundamental Integrity Rules

Entity Integrity

Referential Integrity

Domain Constraints

Key Constraints

Relational Objects

Keys

- **Primary Key:** An attribute (or combination of attributes) that uniquely identifies each row in a relation.
 - Employee(Emp_No, Emp_Name, Department)
- **Composite Key:** A primary key that consists of more than one attribute
 - Salary(Emp_No, Eff_Date, Amount)

Relational Objects

Data is presented to the user as tables:

- ☞ Each table has a ***primary key***. The primary key is a column or combination of columns that uniquely identify each row of the table.

Employee

E-No	E-Name	D-No
179	Silva	7
857	Perera	4
342	Dias	7

Primary Key

Salary

E-No	Eff-Date	Amt
179	1/1/98	8000
857	3/7/94	9000
179	1/6/97	7000
342	28/1/97	7500

← Primary Key →

Relational Objects

Data is presented to the user as tables:

- ☞ The ***cardinality*** of a table refers to the number of rows in the table. The ***degree*** of a table refers to the number of columns.

Salary Table

Degree = 3

Cardinality = 4

Salary

E-No	Eff-Date	Amt
179	1/1/98	8000
857	3/7/94	9000
179	1/6/97	7000
342	28/1/97	7500

Entity integrity, referential integrity/foreign keys

- Entity integrity constraint specifies that no primary key can be null
- The referential integrity constraint is specified between two relations and is used to maintain the consistency among tuples of the two relations
- Informally what this means is that a tuple in one relation that refers to another relation must refer to an existing tuple.
- To define referential integrity we use the concept of foreign keys.

Relational Objects

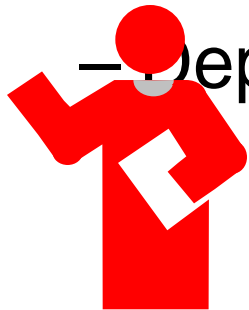
Relationship

- ***Foreign Key:*** An attribute in a relation of a database that serves as the primary key of another relation in the same database

– Employee(Emp_No, Emp_Name, *Department*)

– Department(Dept_No, Dept_Nam

=== works for ==>



Relational Objects

Data is presented to the user as tables:

🖱️ A **foreign key** is a set of columns in one table that serve as the primary key in another table

Employee

E-No	E-Name	D-No
179	Silva	7
857	Perera	4
342	Dias	7

Department

D-No	D-Name	M-No
4	Finance	857
7	Sales	179

Primary Key

Primary Key

Foreign Key

Recursive foreign key: A foreign key in a relation that references the primary key values of that same relation 8

Relational Objects...

Employee

E-No	E-Name	D-No
179	Silva	7
857	Perera	4
342	Dias	7

Department

D-No	D-Name	M-No
4	Finance	857
7	Sales	179

Primary Key

Foreign Key

Primary Key

Foreign Key

Salary

E-No	Eff-Date	Amt
179	1/1/98	8000
857	3/7/94	9000
179	1/6/97	7000
342	28/1/97	7500

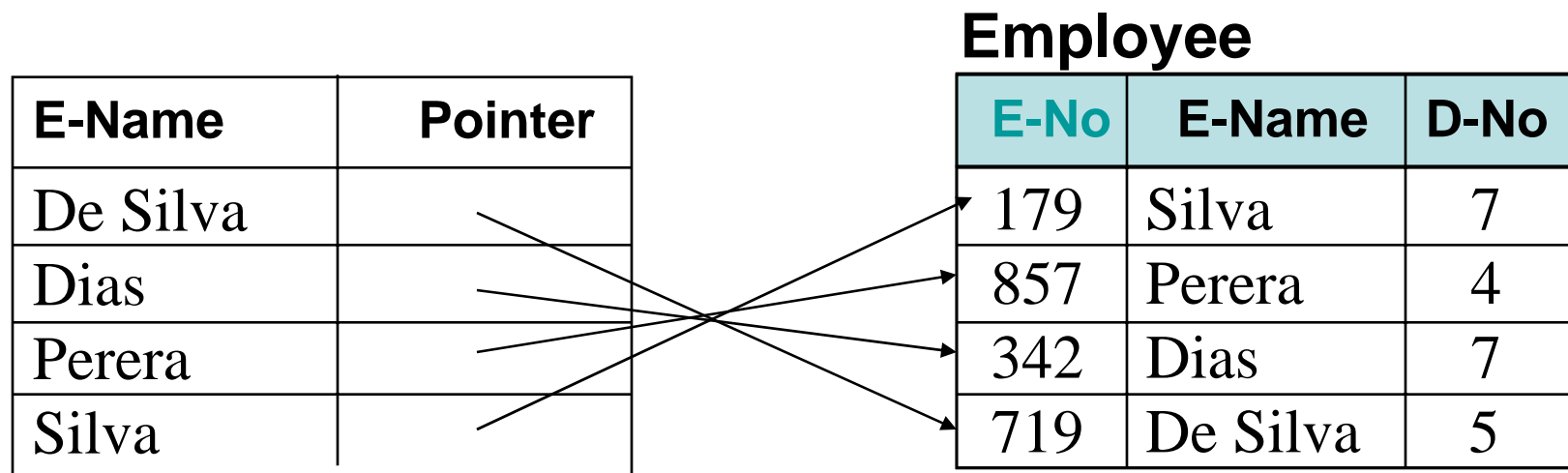
Foreign Key

Primary Key

Rows in one or more tables are associated with each other solely through data values in columns (no pointers).

Relational Objects

- Index
 - An ordered set of pointers to the data in the table



Index: Employee Name

Employee

E-Name	Pointer
Alwis	
Bandara	
Costa	
De Silva	
Dias	
Opatha	
Peiris	
Perera	
Silva	
Vaas	
Wickrama	
Zoysa	

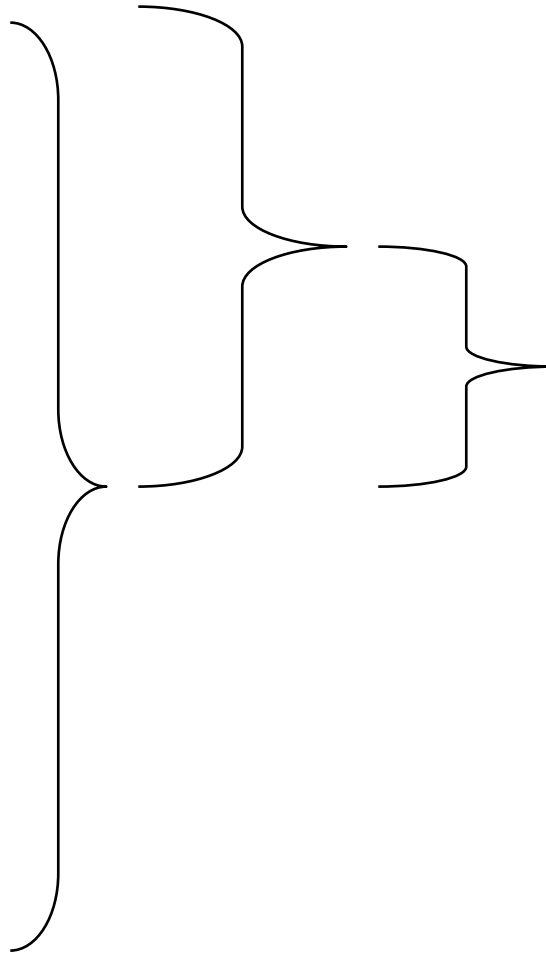
E-No	E-Name	D-No
179	Silva	7
857	Perera	4
342	Dias	7
719	De Silva	5
587	Alwis	4
432	Costa	6
197	Zoysa	2
875	Peiris	4
324	Vaas	7
917	Bandara	3
785	Opatha	2
234	Wickrama	1

Search: Employee Dias

- Index

**Improves
performance.**

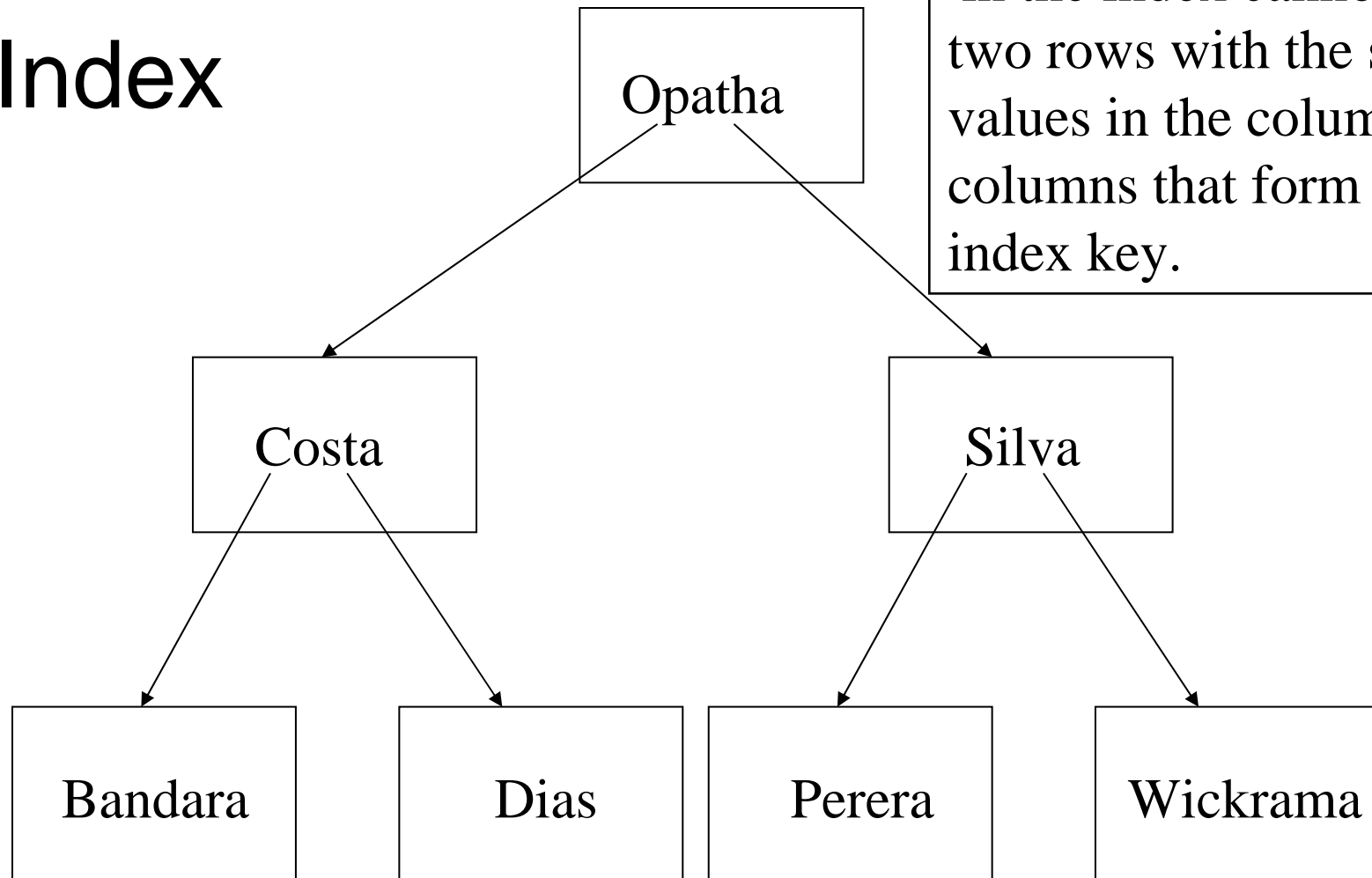
Access to
data
is faster



E-Name	Pointer
Alwis	
Bandara	
Costa	
De Silva	
Dias	
Opatha	
Peiris	
Perera	
Silva	
Vaas	
Wickrama	
Zoysa	

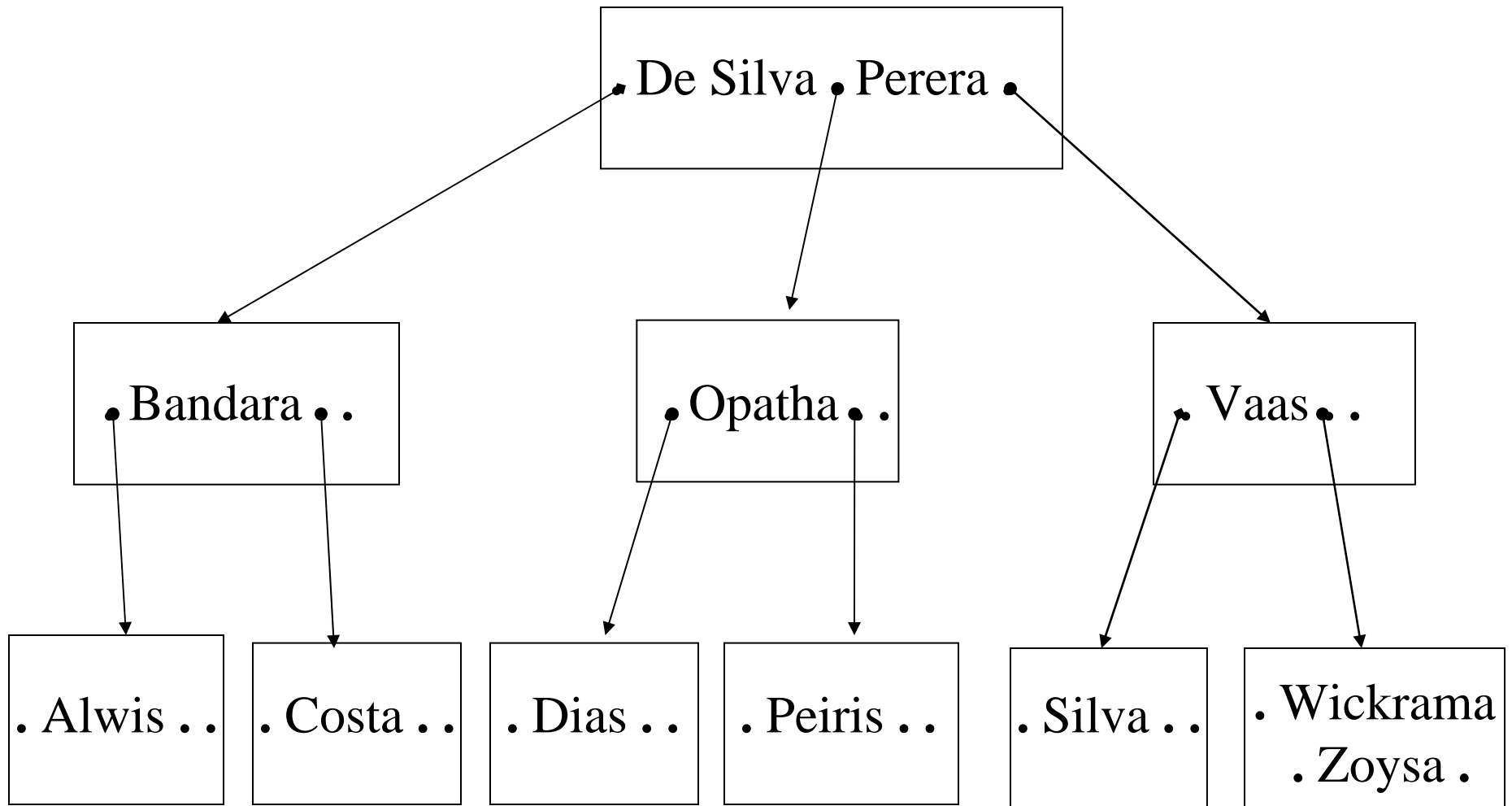
Search: Employee Dias

- Index



Ensures uniqueness.
A table with unique fields in the index cannot have two rows with the same values in the column or columns that form the index key.

Search: Employee Dias



Relational Database

STORE

Store Name | City

INVENTORY

Store Name | Part No | Quantity

STORE

Store 1 | Colombo
Store 2 | Kandy

ORDERS

Store Name | Part No | Vendor No | Order No | Quantity

INVENTORY

Store 1 | P1 | 50
Store 1 | P3 | 20
Store 2 | P2 | 100
Store 2 | P1 | 30

PART

Part No | Description

VENDOR

Vendor No | Vendor Name

ORDERS

Store 1 | P3 | 3428 | 0052 | 10
Store 2 | P2 | 3428 | 0098 | 7
Store 2 | P3 | 3428 | 0098 | 15
Store 2 | P4 | 5726 | 0099 | 1

PART

P1 | Printer
P2 | Diskette
P3 | Disk Drive
P4 | Modem

VENDOR

3428 | East West
5726 | DMS